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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/589,266	06/07/2000	Barry Dworkin	Dworkin.P001	8568
AARON T. BORROWMAN. ESQ. KELLY BAUERSFELD LOWRY & KLELLEY .LLP 6320 CANOGA AVENUE SUITE 1650 WOODLAND HILLS, CA 91367			EXAMINER	
			CHAMPAGNE, DONALD	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3622	$\overline{\rho}$
			DATE MAILED: 11/26/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
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Office Action Summary	09/589,266 Examiner	DWORKIN, BARRY			
		Art Unit			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Donald L. Champagne	3622			
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status  1) M. Baranarius ta assure visuti ( ) St. J. 20 A 1 2000					
<ul> <li>1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 A</li> <li>2a) This action is FINAL.</li> <li>2b) This</li> </ul>					
,	action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-13</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>4-13</u> is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
<ul> <li>9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.</li> <li>10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>07 June 2000</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.  13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet.  37 CFR 1.78.  a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)			

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

 Claims 4-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. The claimed invention is directed to nonfunctional descriptive matter. See MPEP 2106.IV.B.1(b), first paragraph.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. <u>Claims 4-13</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Rodriguez et al. in view of King and Rubstein et al.
- 5. Rodriguez et al. teaches (independent claims 4, 7 and 9) a multipurpose card and method for encouraging retention of business or greeting cards and simultaneously increasing visits to participating websites, the multipurpose card comprising: a business card, which, by definition, has business identifying indicia thereon (Webster's Collegiate Dictionary); and binary data printed thereon to initiate a link to an Internet site (para. [0006]), which reads on a web site address printed on the business card. Rodriguez et al. also teaches business/vendor promotions at the web site identified on the card (para. [0019]), so the Internet-linking binary data printed on the card reads on discount indicia printed on the card. Rodriguez et al. also teaches calling cards (para. 0022]), which reads on greeting cards.
- 6. Rodriguez et al. does not teach multiple vendor addresses printed on the card. King teaches multiple advertisements printed on the card (col. 2 lines 50-52). Because King also

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suggests the use of said card by a hotel, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to advertise a host of hotel-related businesses on the card, such as shops in the hotel building and taxi companies, which reads on multiple participating vendor addresses. Further, <u>because</u> such cooperative advertising would promote all the participating businesses, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to add the teachings of King to those of Rodriguez et al.

- 7. Rodriguez et al. does not teach a promotion code printed on the card. Rubstein et al. teaches a game code (promotion code) printed on the card (para. [0055]). Because Rubstein et al. teaches that this provides security (the control feature), it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to add the teachings of Rubstein et al. to those of Rodriguez et al.
- 8. Rodriguez et al. also teaches claims 5, 10 and 12.
- 9. None of the references teach (claims 6, 8, 11 and 13) printing on the opposite side.
  Because it would be counterproductive to print everything on one side of the card, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time of the invention, to print on the opposite side of the card.

## Conclusion

- 10. COPY of REFERENCES Applicant is entitled to receive a copy of every reference cited by the examiner (except at allowance; MPEP 707.05(a)). Applicant should contact the examiner if a completed form PTO-892 is enclosed, but the cited references are not.
- 11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).
- 12. A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

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however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

- 13. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Donald L Champagne whose telephone number is 703-308-3331. The examiner can normally be reached from 6:30 AM to 5 PM ET, Monday to Thursday. The examiner can also be contacted by e-mail at <a href="mailto:donald.champagne@uspto.gov">donald.champagne@uspto.gov</a>, and <a href="mailto:informal">informal</a> fax communications (i.e., communications not to be made of record) may be sent directly to the examiner at 703-746-5536.
- 14. The examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber, can be reached on 703-305-8469. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-306-5771.
- 15. AFTER FINAL PRACTICE Consistent with MPEP § 706.07(f) and 713.09, prosecution generally ends with the final rejection. Examiner will grant an interview after final only when applicant presents compelling evidence that "disposal or clarification for appeal may be accomplished with only nominal further consideration" (MPEP § 713.09). The burden is on applicant to demonstrate this requirement, preferably in no more than 25 words. Amendments are entered after final only when the amendments will clearly simplify issues, or put the case into condition for allowance, clearly and without additional search or more than nominal consideration.
- 16. Applicant may have after final arguments considered and amendments entered by filing an RCE as appropriate. It is the examiner's practice to search the specification of RCE filings for allowable matter. However, unless indicated in this or a previous Office action, examiner cannot give assurances that filing an RCE will result in an indication of allowable matter.
  ABANDONMENT If examiner cannot by telephone verify applicant's intent to continue prosecution, the application is subject to abandonment six months after mailing of the last Office action. The agent, attorney or applicant point of contact is responsible for assuring that the Office has their telephone number. Agents and attorneys may verify their registration information including telephone number at the Office's web site, <a href="www.uspto.gov">www.uspto.gov</a>.

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At the top of the home page, click on Site Index. Then click on Agent & Attorney Roster in the alphabetic list, and search for your registration by your name or number.

DLC 15 November 2003

ERIC W. STAMBER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600